# **PCMCIA**

By using the Control Panel <u>PCMCIA</u> option, you can display information about <u>sockets</u> and <u>card</u> activity in your system. For example, you can graphically view card <u>events</u> and <u>card identification</u> information.

Note that <u>Card Services</u>, <u>Socket Services</u>, and any <u>Client Drivers</u> must be loaded prior to starting Windows.

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### **PCMCIA**

Personal Computer Memory Card International Association

A consortium of hardware and software companies interested in standardizing the components related to this technology.

# Socket

Specially-designed receptacle in which PCMCIA cards are plugged. Each socket is managed by a piece of hardware known as a socket controller.

# Card

A PCMCIA device which when plugged into a supported socket and properly configured provides memory and/or I/O functionality.

# Events

PCMCIA events include insertions, extractions, and battery warnings.

# Card ID

A unique textual string that identifies a card. The ID usually contains information such as manufacturer, model number, capacity (for memory devices), and firmware revision.

### **Card Services**

Card Services provides higher-level abstraction of the PCMCIA hardware. Its services are related to resource management and allocation, card configuration, power management of cards and related hardware, and client driver management.

### Socket Services

Socket Services provides low-level abstraction of the PCMCIA hardware. Its services are related to device-independent manipulation of the PCMCIA socket controller.

### **Client Driver**

A DOS device driver that interfaces a particular PCMCIA card or cards to Card Services and the operating system. Client drivers typically control the configuration of a card, but may also provide power management support and other functionality as well.

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